received through the commercial advantages conceded

It would require more snace than I ought perhaps to sek for, if I were to consider much in detail the provisions of the Sth article. The general result is 1 at Mexico is opened for the late distingtion of our manniferinge and products, duty free, or at such a rate of duty as thall be fixed by our Government in the scale of reciprocity. On the other hand, the products of Mexico are to be admitted into this country either free or at a like rate. It may be safely anticipated that very little will come to us from Mexico except the raw material, a great part of which will be returned again in a manufactured state as leather, casen goods, &c., while on the other hand we shall have a market perhaps the most valuable that is to be found in any part of the world for our machinery, implements of mechanical industry, fishries of cotton, &c.

One of the results of the treaty will andoubtedly be an increased em gration of our citizens to Moxico, for It would require more space than I ought perhaps to

One of the results of the treaty will undoubtedly be an iscreased em gration of our citizens to Moxico, for the purpose of trade, mining and agriculture. The beneficial effect upon that country from the free access of an intelligent and enterprising class of men would certainly be an argument in favor of the treaty upon grounds of disinterested philanthropy to an unfortunate people. But it cannot be disguised that, whatever will operate to raise Mexico in the scale of nations, and to develop her rich natural resources, must directly contribute to our own commercial prosperity, it we shall not rashly throw away the opportunity now effered, of establishing pernanent amendor relations with that country.

I do not deem it necessary to discuss the question whether the Jurrez administration is defacte the Government of Mexico. It is sufficient that it has been recognized as such by the United States. The opposing faction cannot be more hostic to this country than it now is, and, if it should obtain the power of the country, we may calculate with certainty upon an aggressive course of policy being aurened which will leave neutrality no longer in our option. We may look now with indifference on the disorders by which millions of our fellow-beings are oppressed—but, when the consequences shall be felt by our own or izeus, a vigorous demonstration in our own defense will become inevitable.

## COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange Prn. 27.
6,000 United States 5e '65 99\$ 100 Del. & Bud. Cl Co.b80 94
5,000 Virginia State 6s 93 100 Hudson River R R 39;
16.000 Missouri State 6a my 100 frariem R. R. Pref. 530 351
16,406 Co
20,000 do
5,006 do
State of the N. I and ste N. V. Cantral R. R 71
2 100 do
500 N. Y. Cen. B.R. 7a101 400 do
TAKE THE RESERVE AND MADE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
to one Wantage ER Rd M. Rg. 75 700 GO
1 com Billiam Clare M to 1140 112 1200 (10
144 M S F. Con. Ba St. 50 GO
10 000 do \$61 100 do 800 705
3 coo Galena & Chi. let M. 50 133 G
2 con Mich So lat Mort. Ba. 73 Go Erio R. Assented Sta. By
more to the transfer of the tr
2 66 Mich So. S'g Fo'd be. 30 10 do
Fred Re 59 50 Illipois Central K boo 5;
50 Pac. Mail Steam Co. b3c 91 500 Gulena & Chicago R 57
190 do
200 da
56 de
50 do
150 de
130 100
BECOND HOARD.
2.008 U. S. Sa. '65 10:1 100 N. Y. Cent. RR 701
THE PERSON AT 12 KIN THE TO SEE THE TOTAL THE
5,000 Niss puri State 6s 80: 40 Erie KR 9

5.000 Nissouri State 6s. 801 40 Erle RR 29
1,000 Tennessee 6s, '90 89 200 Hudson River RR 29
8.005 de. 950 892 100 Hudson RR Pref. 507 304
8.000 Frie RR 1st mg lode, 52
1.000 Hud-Riv RR 1st mg lode, 52
1.000 Hud-Riv RR 1st mg lode, 55
1.000 Hud-Riv RR 1st mg lode, 56
1.000 Hud-Riv RR 57
1.000 Hud-Riv RR 57 MONDAY, Pab. 27-P. M. There were no features of special interest in the

Stock market to-day. The movement is, as far as the Fancies are concerned, still confined to the street operations. At the opening there was some appearance of firmness, but as the call proceeded, a leading operator for the fall was a free seller, and the market closed heavily, with no marked decline. At the Second Board there was a better feeling, and an improvement was cetablished in some cases of ‡ P cent, with a fair and well distributed amount of transactions. Central has fluctuated during the day between 71 and 702, closing at 70; bid. The advices from Albany, which indicate the passage of the pro-rate bill in a modified form, had an unfavorable influence. Pacific Mai was active and firm, selling at the close at 941 No decision has yet been arrived at in regard to the dividend Panama was steady at Saturday's prices. The Committee of Directors, which returned in the Bal ic, speak in high terms of the condition and prospects of the road. Toe freight business has increased to such an extent as to require largely-increased facilities. The Baltic brought home a fail freight of Central American produce, which is the first instance of a fulreturn freight. Reading was better under purchase for Philadelphia account. Hadson River and Harlem are both depressed by rumors of catting down of rates. The Hudson River having reduced the freight on milk, the Hadem threatens to reduce fares to Albany to one dellar. In Western shares there was no activity, excepting in Rock Island, which improved to 622 shore. boyer's option; and we understand there was an error in the statement of the third week's carnings on this road. The figures given for 1860 only included five working days. Gulens was steady but mactive. At the Second Board a sale of 180 shares Indian spolis and Cincionati was made at 40, which is an advance of 2 P cent. This stock has been depressed by the disappointment in regard to the traffic of the best half of 1859, but is buy recovering, under the large increase of feeight busibee and the encouraging prospect for the current year. New-Jersey Transportation improved to 1172, and Delsware, Lackawanna & Western advanced to 76. There has been an increased demand for Government and State stocks, for investment by Savings Bank and for foreign account. In addition to the published sales, there have been considerable private transactions. and advanced rates have been established. Government 5s (Texas) improved to 100, and coupons of 1874 to 1607 State stocks are also better, with the exception of Missouri 6s. In Ruilroad bonds there was not much done, but the market was steady. The closing prices were: Virginia 6s, 924 293; Missouri 6s, 80 @ 80 1; Canton Company, 17 1 @ 17 2; Comberland Coal, 15 2 152; Pacific Muil, 94 2 2 941; New-York Central Railroad, 707 271; Eric Railroad, 82 29 Hudson River Railroad, 3912391; Hartem Railroad, 9@94; Hariem Preferred, 33@334; Reading Railroad 462 & 402; Michigan Central Railroad, 372 a 372; Michi gan Southern and Northern Indiana Rational 61 27; do. Guaranteed, 15 w 151; Panama Railroad, 134 w 1341; Illinois Central Ruilroad, 561 a 57; Galena and Cuicago Railroad, 57 @571: Ceveland and Toledo Railroad, 18 w194; Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, 62 2 62]; Illinois Central Rei road 7s, 881 288]

The business in foreign bills is as yet very light, and quotations are heavy. Sterling, 1081 a 109. France,

Freighte: To Liverpool, 100 bales of C tton at 1 a 9-32d.; 120 teg. Beef at 4s.; 150 bxs Bacon at 25s; 350 tox Lard at 25s., and per steamer 500 bxs. Cheese at 40s; 250 firkins Butter at 35s; 10 tans Tallow at 35s. To London, 200 bales Bacon at 30s.; 10 hhds Tallow at 30s.; 200 pkgs. Butter at 35s., and 50 tos. Beef at 6s. To Bremen, 300 bules Conton at 2c; 1,000 bb's. Rosin at 3s. A bark of 450 times to south side of Cuba and back at 40c. for Sugar. A schooner of 140 tuns to St. Domingo and back for \$1,250. One at 115 tens for the same voyage for \$1,100. One of 131 tens for same voyage for \$1,100.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts \$118,188 75-for Customs, \$112,000, Payments, \$581, 499 40-California Drafts, \$31,000. Balance, \$3,491, 293 07. The Sab-Treasurer has received notice o drafts to the amount of about a million of dollars drawn for the redemption of Post-Office scrip.

follows:	
Steamer Fine, Liverpool, Cal. Gold bars	\$101,300 700 100,000
Total for the week.  Previously reported	\$202,000 1.627 566
Total since Jun 1. Same time in 1859. Same time in 1859.	\$1,829,566 4,640,843 8,292,540

The enroings in detail of the Michigan Southern Road for the third week of February are as follows: Presengers \$10,365.26
Fright 16,393.13
Meils 1,014.59 The receipts on the Grand Trunk Rallway for the 

Increase......\$14,895 2#

The business of the Clearing-House to-day was \$25,119,135. The Bank of Louisiana has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 P cent, payable to New-York stockholders, less exchange, at the Merchants' Bank in this city, on the 5th of March. The interest on the Jersey Company (Ill ) Bonds, due on the lat of March, will be paid at the American Exchange Bank in this city. William Whitney, esq., son of and executor of Stephen Whitney, deceased, was elected on Saturday last by the Board of Di ectors of the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company as a Director, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father. Boston is becoming a creditor city, and it is possible that some specie will be seet pext week to balance accounts. A correspondent at San Francisco writes that California will, this year, in addition to her gold, send us \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 in silver. The money market continues very easy, as before noticed. Demand loans are 5 %7 P cent, and strictly gult-edged paper 6 261 up to July and August. Acceptable four or six months' paper is placed at 7 P cent without

The Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, with the property and effects belonging to it, was sold at Chillicothe on Saturday. The property was purchased in the name of Nosh I. Wilson, David Gibson, and others, trustees, under a compromise of agreement for castitalization. The effect of the sale will be the reorganization of the Company, free of debt, as the value of the property is to be represented entirely by the capital stock, all the mortgages being wiped out. property was sold for the minimum amount fixed by

the Court-\$290,000.

The Bank Statement of the week is an unimportant one. The movement has been very uniform, the varistions in the items from last week being in each case less than \$200,000. The specie in bank, however, is considerably larger to-day than indicated by the returns, the California arrival of \$1,100,000 having gone in to-day. Within a day or two the Sab-Treasury will disburse a million, and it is a sted that the Vanderbilt boat from Aspinwall, now due, brings three or four buncred thousand dollars on board. During the week, in the abrence of a foreign drain, the spene reserve of the banks ought to ran up to twenty-two and a half

The following is a statement of the condition of the Banks of the City of New-York:

# WW. Att.	F 5342	EP 410 611 61465
124,206,041 #	124,398,239	Inc \$ 192.2
	20,772,496	100 182 7
8.050.001	7 9 9 595	Dec 121.4
Pro pers dem	PO 451 015	Inc. 145.7
the Banks	since No	v. 24, 185
	in Circula	t'n. Denosit
20 406 4 11 70	14000 ALT TTO	6677 4674 675 T
T11/4/20 #271/19	region de sisso	DOL BILDING
	20,501,189 8,050 001 70,225,240 f the Banks 1: mans. Spor	8,050,001 7,918,595 70,225,240 70,410,917 f the Banks since No.

Jan'y 31, 1857 11,785,888	11,191,825	8,024,948	92,466,286
Feb. 7, 1857 112,876,713	11.143,894	8,426,817	96,029,439
March 7, 1857 111,839,649	11,787,846	8,465,497	95,858,923
April 4, 1857 114,000,900	11,538,732	6,112,528	97,340,918
May 2, 1857 114,409,275	12,009,911	9,000,566	99,159,472
May 30, 1057 114,048,638	12,815,515	8,696,693	95,147,814
Jone 6, 1857 115,386,593	18,184,718	8,838,572	96,591,391
July 6, 1857 115,044,300	12,837,346	8,301,590	38,834,586
July 31, 1857 190,597,050	12,918,013	8,365,423	94.445,967
Aug. 8, 1857 122,077,252	11,737,367	8,561,740	94,436,418
Sept. 5, 1857 112,221,365	10,927,955	8,678,192	79,491,317
Oct. 3, 1857 105,985,499	11,400,412	7,916,102	67,978,651
Oct. 10, 1857 101,917,569	11,476,298	7,533,599	68,201,681
Oct. 17, 1857 97,245,826	7,343,236	8,007,441	57,894,628
Oct. 24, 1057 95,580,518	10,411,612	6,834,739	57,580,384
Oct. 31, 1857 95,817,754	12,883,441	6,334,748	61,463,664
Nov. 7, 1857 95,866,941	16,492,152	6,434,312	63,884,773
Dec. 5, 1857 96,830,637	26,069,318	6,555,000	78,400,005
Jan. 2, 1558 98,540,988	28,561,956	6,400,402	78.885,225
Feb. 5, 1850 103,602,002	20,652,948	6,873,961	86,000,438
March 6, 1858 105,021,068	82,739,731	6,854,624	90,002,446
April 8, 1858 110,588,354	81,530,000	7,232,333	93,589,149
May 1, 1856 111,868,456	25,064,213	7,481,814	90.433,506
June 5, 1858 116,424,5877	82,730,382	7,548,830	101,489,535
July 8, 1858 119,654,863	84,146,606	7,446,426	105,642,297
Aug. 7, 1858 128,882,887	35,145,844	7,784,415	107,454,715
Sept. 4, 1858 125,885,890	28,848,664	7,748,249	108,347,801
Oct. 2, 1858 128,659,697	28,588,787	7,815,750	101.901.563
Nov. 6, 1858 126,809,492	26,337,355	8,186,938	109,217,448
Dec. 4, 1858 126,888,824	27,407,726	7,887,517	89,541,290
Jan. 1, 1859 127,504,319	27,129,725	7,854,090	90,684,193
Feb. 5, 1859 130,442,176	25,991,441	7,950,855	91,965,256
March 5, 1859 125,221,067	26,769,965	8,071,693	86,800,028
April 2, 1859 128,702,192	25,782,161	6,221,753	87,737,138
May 7, 1839 129,519,195	2/1,000,022	8,804,697	88,672,943
June 4, 1859 125,000,677	28,726,311	8,427,642	22,578,336
July 3, 1859 122,401,778	22,491,66%	8,365,789	78,132,611
July 10, 1859 121,614,638	23,494,649	8,554,061	77,018,012
July 17, 1859 120,405,658	23,223,679	8,201,675	78,135,911
July 28, 1859 119,984,160	21,196,912	8,170,626	75,301,943
July 30, 1659 119,847,412	20,764,584	8,214,959	71,474,895
Aug. 6, 1859 118,938,059	20,003,877	8,623,650	72,524,855
Aug. 18, 1859 117,808,098	20,757,972	8,419,606	71,490,613
Aug. 20, 1859 117,990,199	21,403,448	8,817,669	73,309,910
Aug. 27, 1659 117,541,679	20,726,066	8,234,279	71,791,817
Sept. 3, 1959 118,184,258	21,478,299	8,873,319	73,155,700
Sept. 10, 1859 118,421,490	21,767,248	8,513,002	72,6101,295
Sept. 17, 1859 119,866,352	21,512,686	8,444,886	78,147,399
Sept. 24, 1859 119,397,320	20,000,436	8,357,206	72,730,598
Oct. 1, 1059 118,208,752	19,259,126	8,887,702	70,812,105
Oct. 8, 1859 117,211,627	19,493,144	8,585,789	69,501,204
Oct. 17, 1859 117,289,067	21,651,293	8,468,816	70,091,020
Oct. 24, 1959 117,317,490	20,907,097	8,411,218	71,507,063
Oct. 29, 1859 110,414,428	21,248,975	8,276,464	73,683,181
Nov. 5, 1859 120,118,007	20,228,342	8,627,421	78,678,898
Nov. 12, 1859 121,206,852	20,186,956	8,443,555	74,680,191
Nov. 19, 1859 121,529,686	19,748,871	8,283,526	74,673,589
Nov. 26, 1859 121,423,168	18,531,924	8,271,27B	78,562,178
Dec. 2, 1839 122,187,034 Dec. 10, 1859 122,975,408	20,046,667	8,392,819	76,258,733
	19,750,535	8,481,486	76,571,427
Dec. 17, 1930 123 908,577	20,420,829	8,393,026	77,286,475
Dec. 24, 1859 124,977,375	19 645 967	889,666,6	77,294,735
Dec. 31, 1839 125,516,646	19,629,220	8,300,977	78,233,434

19,629,220 17,862,734 18,740,864 19,235,494 20,663,729 19,924,361 19,787,567 20,591,189 20,773,896 TABLE of the Loans, Specie, Circulation, and Deposits of the

NAMES OF BANES.	Amount of Capital.	Average amount of Loans and Discounts	Average amount of Specie.	Average amount of Circu- lation.	Average amount of Deposits
	- 6		*	*	
B. of N. Y	2,000,000	4,528,568	710,480	351,078	2,643,53
Mannattan.	2,650,000	4,216,753	657,585	3 9,875	2,823,34
Merchants'	2,732,213	5,859,568	1,011,276	159,182	3,4724,623
Mechanics'	2,000,000		566,674		2,204,97
Union	1,500,000	2,758,277	478 472	189,233	2,005,459 4,063,79
B. of Amer.	3,000,000	5,600,295	1,815,013 584,618	122,580	1,892,07
Phonix	1,400,000	2,107,318	204,428	1,50,400	1,277,21
GHY	1,000,000			263,644	675.94
Tradesm's.	600,000	1,849,056	254,206	156 234	1,984,94
Chemical	800,000		605 336	312 019	2,053.096
Metch. Ex.	1.235,000	2,007,053	281,025	123, 66	1,119,125
National	1,500,000	2,097,151	221,547	131.543	901,233
Stch. & Dr.	800,000	1,601,306	295,430	2 1,883	1,154,97
Mec. & Tr	400,000	11234 403	167,401	EZ4,009	741,85
Greenwich.	200,600	754,230	75,543	150,507	512,900
leath, Mil.	600,000	1,960,225	263,564	220,756	785,45
Vilth W'd.	500,000	1,269 164	198 869	187,246	2,041 050
B. S. N. Y	2,600,000	8,577,220	767,480	177,837	4,842,731
Ani.Excb.	5,000,000	7,476,310	1,005,332 2,122,715	189,934 1,975	5 110 23
- MINIMETER-	9,073,040	2,681,994	490,415	256,841	1.842,683
droudway.	1,000,000	1,702,602	208,288	105.628	1.019,441
JCERE	1,000,000	2,628,992	434,792	32,854	1,951,298
Mercantile-	432,700		176,320	124,40%	792,450
i. of Rep	2,000,000	3,694,705	812,307	196,247	2,885,485
het hate	450,000	646,587	91,869	110,260	410,514
enple's	412,590	694,584	134 250	108,594	\$14,458
Norte Am.	1,000,000	1,616,369	2.00 257	78.977	877,618
imnover	1,000,000	1,457,822	147,423	58,961	612,723 618,412
rving	500,000	807,161	180,280	115,025 232,084	4,420,682
Metropo'u .	4,000,000	7,240,649	1,647,30Z 86,912	187,758	498.756
litizen#	400,000	765,176 1,778,164	184,533	12a,287	994,460
Name (t	1,000,000	1,542,546	255,063	205 556	929.071
furket	1,000,000	1,090,751	164,914	92,705	933,936
L Nicho's.	1,560,000	4,185,316	850,593	83,951	3,701,807
orn Exch.	1,000,000	1.750,476	ISC 924	103,630	809,952
Jontinen'l.	2,000,000	8,299,927	503,104	176,624	1,983,988
Commw'b.	750,000	1 180,971	316,596	2 7,809	946, 230
Friental	300,000	539,940	69,853	105,091	335,688
farine	661,700	938,561	127,573	123,014	502,4:1
tinntic	400,000	524,669	41,182	77,323	205,763 1 595 165
mp. & Tr	1,500,000	2,668,620	454,309	195,099	3,678,864
nrk	2,000,000	4,676,508	990,935	175,456 87,235)	586,1163
Artisane'	\$200,000	1,045,931	69,931	96,1/4	285,270
dec. B. Av.	\$00,000	681,711 550,632	47,579	51,223	216,337
irncers'	200,000 100,000	419,919	47,879	124,214	221,211
N.Y. D. Dk.	258,800	246,995	25,679	100,176	315,116
Sull's H'd.	270,000	438,881	41.244	102,946	345 324
Y. Co	205,520	430,248	40.281	82,728	321,35
Enst River.	206,525	228,859	40,200	77,248	228 234 414 421
K. River	106,000	446,509	69,241	76 349	260,041
San. & Mer		550,304	74,877	76,943	BOU, 0'81
Westal	69 118 639	24,398,239	20,773,896	7,928,585	78,470,977

Total.... [69,113,632] 24,298,239 20,773,896 Clearings for week ending Feb. 20. \$132,270,866 85 Clearings for week ending Feb. 27. 182,909,026 57 Balances for week ending Feb. 20. 7 086,898 56 Balances for week ending Feb. 27. 7,483,877 71

The Railroad Bridge across the Mississippi River, a Clinton, Iowa, was last week fully completed. It western terminus is upon an island in the Mississipp River, separated from the Iowa side by the main chan River, separated from the lows side by the main chan belof the river, 600 feet wide. The island is now tracked by tracks laid in all directions. Station and freight-houses, machine-shope, and a few tenements, will soon cover what but a year ago was a tangled thicket. The work of building this bridge has gone on quietly and rapidly, and it has been promptly paid for as it has progresed. The total cost, including a

plle roadway of 1,600 feet, and the grading and tracks aid upon the island, will not much exceed \$71,000. This bridge gives to the Galena Road a connection for their Dixon Air Line with the Caicago, Iows, and Nebraska Railroad Company, and hereafter the Galena cars will arrive at and leave the island or posite Clinton regularly twice every day Tois connection gives to Chicago a closer relation to interior towa, and, for St. Louis, makes Clinton the shipping point of a large amount of produce from Central Iowa, when their market is such as to command the transportation by river. The bridge is fully insured, and is paid for owned, and controlled by the linton interest.

We described, a few days since, a very dangardas fraud-a gold engle which had been split, a portion of gold abstracted, and the vacancy filled with a white base metal. It is now stated that the white metal is known to the Chinese, and the work manship on the contine, to render them of less value, is done by them, and if the United States officers will trace back, or exsuntne future coins, they will knd them emanating from the Chinese quarters of San Francisco, Cal., where many counterfeit gold coins we in circulation, all of which are well executed, and taken in the California Branch Mist This metal, the the gong metal, is still a secret with the Chinese.

Mesers. Raynor & Blackwell have gold house and lot No. 141 West 37th-st., between 7th and 8th-ava. 18x46, lot half the block in depth, 3-stary, basement and under-cellar, brown-stone front, for \$1,100. Also, 6 lots, north side of 99th-st , 300 feet east of 5th-av., each 25x160 feet 11 in.; also, 1 lot adjoining, 18 feet front, 42 feet rear, full in depth-7 lots in all-at \$950 per lot. John McClave has sold two lots on cast side of 9th-av., 50 ft. 6 in. north of 65th-st.; also, two lots on north side of 65th at., 100 ft. east of 9th-av., making four full lots, for \$1 900 per lot. Mr. McCiave also reports the sale of 7 lots on north side of 65th-st., adoining the above, 150 ft. east of 9th-av., for \$13,000. The report of sale in yesterday's TRIBUNE of plot of land on south side of 66th-st., corner of Broadway, should have read as being sold for \$7,000 instead of \$6.000.

The semi-annual report of the Sinking Fund Commissioners of the State of Ohio shows the debt to be as follows: Six & cent stock payable after Dec. 21, 1960.....

Six D cent stock payable after Dec. 31, 1870.

Six D cent stock payable after Dec. 31, 1875.

Six D cent stock payable after Dec. 31, 1886.

Five D cent sock payable after Dec. 31, 1886. Total foreign debt psyable in New-York .... \$14,266,837 20 DOMESTIC DEST.

Six P cent stock payable at State Treasury in '63. 275,885 60

Total reimbursable debt bearing interest... \$14,542,442 20
In addition to the foregoing there is still outstanding, but not bearing interest:
Stock of the loan due after Dec. 31, 1856... 5,311 33
Domestic stock issued under act of 1845... 1,765 68 ...... \$14,549,818 58

Total irreducible debt...... 2,387,257 8 

Deficit. \$51,374.33

The temporary loan yield's \$91.297.36 excess, and the Sinking Fund falls short \$145,562.76 the whole failing to satisfy the demands searned i by \$54.874.89.

The Commissioners show that this method of operating will keep running the fund behind, and sum up as follows: "This at the regioning of the next fiscal year the sinking Fund, size sky, as now constituted inadecuate to meet its proper annual ourdens, will start with a land accruing is prayous years of \$141,000, and the result at the end of that year, if the present rate of targetion is not increased, may be gathered from the following outlinate:

Delickney to be provided for in '61 \$480,026 33

The Cincinnati Girectic cays:

"The scheme for consolidating the gross earnings of powerful public sentiment, has been revived, and is now in a fair way to be consummated. The negotia-tions have been conducted by Messrs. L'Hommedien of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton; Ceement of the Little Mumit, Hunbard and Judge Swan of the of the Little Mami; Hubbard and Judge Swan of the Commbus and Xenia. The contract, we understand, has not been signed, but the terms have been agreed upon, and the documents are ready to be exchanged. The terms of the agreement are substantially as follows: The contract runs for twenty years. The total gross earnings of bo h lines—the C. H. & D. from Commant to Dayton, and L. M. and G. & X. from Cincinnati to Dayton, and L. M. and G. & X. from Cincinnati to Columbus, are to be consolidated. Of these the C. H. & D. is to receive thirty-one per cent., and the L. M., and C. & X., eixty-nine per cent. For every one hundred thousand dollars increase in the gross earnings of both loses, the C. H. & D. is to receive an additional one per cent., until the division cent., until the ceive an additional one per cent., until the division reaches a point enabling both roads to declare an equal dividend. Then the percentage shall remain stationary. Tolis is considerably better for the C. H. & D. road than the former contract. Under the first agreement the Great Miann line was to receive only thirty

per cent., and no provision was made for an increase in the event of improved carminga."

WEBSLY STATEMENT OF THE NEW-ORLEANS BANKS.

Cash Assets. Conh. Amer.

Fob. 18.

Fob. 18.

\$5.000.023 \$6.570.122 \$6.3742.274 \$6.300.226 \$1.774.484 \$1.300.009 \$1.275.521 \$1.805.829 \$5.62.207 \$3.402.499 \$1.776.980 \$1.835.825 \$5.620.002 \$6.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.724.579 \$2.200.002 \$0.725.542 \$2.200.002

269,135	466,504 269,197	1,700,628 847,150	1,785,104 828,813	Union
258,397	250,234	1,226,270	1,231,057	Crescont City
507, 178	549,181	1,167,575	1,169,193	America
\$12,741,881	#12,894,520	<b>425</b> 195,851	25,000,953	Total
\$152,689	Increase	Liabilities.	ecrease	D
sits-	Dept	lation-		
Feb 11.	Feb. 18.	Feb. 11.	Rob ill.	Banks
#4,665,512	\$4,723,899	\$5,001,225	045,120 26	Citizens
1,190,878	1,276,490	1,579,300	1.567,510	Cana
3,830,510	3,954,994	BM, #19	169,749	Loupiana
5,118,299	5,340,326	2,920,630	2,958,140	Louisians State
880,830	993,625	457,120	427 685	Mech. & Traders'
1.167,954	1,787,996	671,355	669,585	Bank of N. Orl's.
425,473	466,240	299,825	250,445	Southern
1,114,522	1,193,607	635, 15	627,910	Union
514,463	513,716	471,255	496,310	Merchants'
493,442	461,143	280,839	285,455	Crescent City
1.174,229	1,215,044	245,550	242,760	Bank of America.
# 20,684 112	£21,367,100	+13,348,924	12.459.819	Total
+ 782 998	Increase		increase.	**************************************
t. Banks	-Due Die	ange.		
Feb. II.	Feb 18.	Feb. 11.	Feb. 18.	Hanks.
# 339,182	£350,884	£2.489 615	2,707,775	
235,021	213,727	1,460,716	1,492,873	Capal
199,597	223,914	701,274	680.261	Louisians
106,621	105,455	836,230	840.787	Louisiana State.
22,792	33,347	307,276	202,765	Mech & Trad
124,759	155,910	385,166	408.BT4	Bk. N. Orleans
	****	326.549	1.053.231	southern
199,560	249,760	192,090	266.569	Union
92 933	78,806	57,452	93,948	Merchants'
48,641	34,745	67.144	55,266	Crescent City
31.136	29,120	24,546	24,770	Bk. of America
\$1,886,501 \$75,617	\$1,471,168 Increase	\$7.349.357 \$517,642	7,866,999	

Siarkete-Carrelli Reported for The N. Y. Tribura. Monday, Feb. 27, 1860.

Markete—Caurfellt Reported for Tas N. Y. Tribune.

ASHES—The inquiry for both kinds Is fair; sales of 61 bbls.

at \$5.25 for Pots, and \$5.56 for Fearls.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The arrivals of Western and State Fiour are moderate, and the market is very firm, especially for the better grades; these are in good request for the trade, but the low graces are quiet at former rates the sales are 6,300 bbls. at \$5.100 \$5.25 for superfine State and Western; \$5.300 \$5.50 for state and the same are 6,300 bbls. at \$5.100 \$5.25 for superfine State and Western; \$5.300 \$5.50 for state do.; \$5.200 \$5.50 for strade urands do.; \$7.75 for that superior brand. Perkins A.1" and \$5.756 \$7.76 for that superior brand. Perkins A.1" and \$5.756 \$7.76 for that superior brand. Perkins A.1" and \$5.756 \$7.76 for the superior brand upon the same same 210 bbls. at \$5.600 \$8.7 10 for extra, and double extra \$7.25. Southern Flour is held with much confidence; the demand is fair for the home trace and more active for the West Indies. Ac.; the arrivals are light; the sales are 2.000 bbls. at \$5.500 \$4.5 for superfine satisfance, &c., and \$5.300 \$7.50 the letter grades. Rye Flour is in fair demand and is firm; sales of 200 bbls. at \$5.500 \$4.5 for Frandywine. Buckwheat Flour is for fair demand and is firm; sales of 200 bbls. at \$5.500 \$4.5 for Frandywine. Buckwheat Flour is in fair request at \$1.700 \$6.100 bbush. Milwankee Cint. in stere at \$1.22, and feed Southern at \$1.56, Rye is firm, the demand is fair; sales of 1.100 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush chands fair; also of 1.100 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush at \$1.000 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush chands fair; also of 1.100 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush chands fair; also of 1.100 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush chands fair; also of 1.100 bbush. Northern at \$1.500 bbush. Chands fair at \$1.500 bbush. Sands of 1.100 bbush. On the second in the sales of 2.000 bbush at \$1.000 bbush at \$1.000 bbush at \$1.000 bbush at \$1.000 bbush. Bush ended sales of 1.500 bbush. Chands fair at \$1.000 bbush. Sands and

tions. Sales of 1,000 bales. We quote:

\*\*EEW-YOUR CLASSIFICATION.\*\*

Uplands Florida Mobile. N. O. & Tex.

Ordinary. 32 54 55 54

Middling. 11 11 114 114

Middling. 12 12 12 124 124

Fair. 12 12 12 124 124

Fair. 12 12 124 124

Fair. 12 125 120 125

COFFEE—Rio is quiet; sales of 500 bags at 12 275. Other kinds are more active; asks of 500 bags. Jamaios at 125c, and 2,00 do. St. Homingo at 1150 12c.

SUCARS—The market is heavy sales 510 hb is. Cubs at 6127

75c., and 150 bags. Haward on private terms.

MOLASSES is dull; sales of 125 bhds. Cubs at 22c. for distince.

RICE is steady; sales of 150 tos. at \$3 75@\$4 \$75. LEATHER—Humlock and Oak are both steady; the sales are

LEATHER—Hemlock and Oak are both steady, the sales are moderate.

Fig.H—Dry Cod and Mackersl are in light stock and are firm, though the demand is limited, ramon and Herring are also quiet but steady.

NaVAL STORES—Splitts Turpentine is less active, but the stock is light and prices role steadily at she for snipping lots, not stock is light and prices role steadily at she for snipping lots, not stock in Sales, as our types made it this morning; sales of 275 bbls g; id morthal stale, at 1.74 the, cash. Crude is in moderate request at allebily ennanced rates; sales of 500 bbls. Soft Nort: County at \$4.5 62 \$4.26 bb. Lord is the total firm at \$4.61 \$4.25 bbls. No 1 at \$4.212 \$4.25 bb. Tar is quiet but send; OLLS—Linseed is in good request at steady rates; sales of \$5.00 galls. March and April derivery, at \$5.00 \$4.00 cash, and 7.00 do, in lots, for present delivery, at \$5.00 \$4.00 cash and 7.00 do, in lots, for present delivery, at \$5.00 \$4.00 cash and 10 bbls. Other kinds are quiet but turn; sales of 2.00 gallons hard on private terms.

wate terms.

HAY—The supply is larger and the demand is fair; sales of 1,00 bales at \$740. \$31.9 100 M.

SEEDS—The demand is light for Clover Seed, sales of 70 bags at 7200 in. Imports Seed is scarce and wanted at \$35.9 \$25.0 P bash. Calcutts Linseed is in moderate request at stendy rates; sales of 1,700 bags per North Atlantic, to arrive here, at \$16.3 P bash. Cash.

TALLOW—the demand is good and the market is firmer; sales of 75,700 M prime Southern and Western at 110., and 18,000 M City at 1050.

B) City at 1010.

HIDES are less active, but the market is firm; sales of 4,800 Green Philadelphia at 100, cash, and 700 Saltad California at Green Philadelphia at 100; Cash, Mr. 124c., 6 mos SALT-We notice sales of 1,300 sacks Ashton's, per Expel-SALT-We notice sales of 1,300 sacks Ashton's, per Expel-

SALT—We notice sales of 1,509 sacks Ashton's, por Excelsion, on private terms.

LiMS—We learn of sales of 1,509 bbls. Common Rockland at
50c., and 500 do. Lump at \$125.

WOOD—The demand is less active for American, but prices
rule steadily; sales of \*0,500 fb fileoce and rulled in lots, at 30 d
50c, for the former and \$200.00 fb the atter. Foreign is quiet.

HOPS We have to notice a fair demand for all grades, owing
to the very low prices; sales have been made of 100 bales inferier at 6c, and 6c bales midding to choice at 100 tile, as to
quality. Old Hops are dull and neglected.

Receipts of Praduce. Total by all Routes, Feb. 27. -1775 bbis Float, 2917 bush. Oats, 1000 pkgs Provisious, 287 do. Land, 1414 do. Whisky.

Live Stock on the N. Y. and Eric Staitrond. For the week ending Monday, Seb. 27, 1359.

For the week ending Monday, Seb. 27, -77 cars Cettle, 12 cars

Hogs, 17 cars Sheep, 2 cars Horses—making 190 car loads of live

stock—add 171 cars of express freight—maxing total number of

cars hauled by Stock Express during the week 230, showing an

increase of 22 car-loads live stock ever last week.

## CITY ITEMS

PAT HERE .- " Pay Here" is stuck up over certain little recepticles of loose change in some of our city omnibuses, and it is all very well for these who unde stand how to do it. For those who do not, it is a decided take-in. Here is an idustration. A Kentucky friend of ours, who, though not a stranger in the city, is a little green in relation to these pay-boxes, got one day, for the first time, into an ownibus provided with a take-in box, and the way he was taken in is a caution

to strangers. He shall tell his own story:
"Seeing the words 'Pay Here.' I put up a dime for and down it went into a sort of hopper made of glass and there it stuck; and there I was stuck. I looked a while anxiously for my half-dime in change, expecting of course, that some subomatic performance would send it down to me. By and by, the driver pulled a string; there was a little kerchap, and away went my dime out of sight. Presently two ladies entered, and I thought dince cut of sight. Presently two ladies entered, and I thought of course the driver was waiting for them to got sottled before he gave me my change. One of them handed me a quarter of a deline to hand up for her fate. I was used to that—I had done it before. I was about putting it both the same trap that cambi my dince, when one of the ladies remarked: 'Hand it to the driver.'

"What, thought I, does that 'Pay Here' mean, then? Presently the driver poked his ugy fast through the hole, with the change for the quarter, which I took, and was handing it bank to the lady, as I had often done before in city omnituses, when she said, in a very soft, pleasant voice—that is, it sounded so to me, being a backelor—'Please put the change in the box?' So of course I did it. I looked at her with one eye, and opening the particular thicking of the fetal and final dispressions of my course I did it. Hooked at her with one eye, and opening the bor without thicking of the fetal and final disappearance of my dime, down went the little coins into the glashopper, and as if the weight was too heavy for the driver's conceience, he suddenly pulled his string, and away they went jingling down into some dark and unfathomable recess below. There were three of us, the fare of which would be fifteen reads, but the confounded box had swallowed up thirty-five. The ladies looked a little confused, and I looked a little more so, if I looked at all as I felt. Presently and I looked a little more so, if I looked at all as I fett. Presently they began to laugh, and not wishing to see myself laughed at, I turned my head towards the driver. Then, for the first time, I saw printed upon one of the rafters that supports the roof, a few very edifying words, to the effect that I should put the 'caract change' in the box and if I hado't the exact change to put in, I might pass my money up to the driver and get change for that purpose. 'Exactly,' I mid to myself, 'I see now—now that it is too iste. I have put my own money in there, and not satisfied with that, I have voluntered my services to put the money of these ladies in the same place; and they are laughing at me. I don't himme them. I could laugh myself, if I was only out of this den't blame them. I could laugh myself, if I was only out of this infernal box; and out I will be. I wish I was out in the big woods of Kaictock. So I pulled the strap that stops progress and I reckon I pulled pretty hard, for I felt hard just then. As I want out I tossed a quarter into the lap of one of the ladies, and boiled: glad to get away though I had not traveled half the distance I wanted to go. I walked the other two miles, coolly reflecting that I had thirty-five cents for my ride—for which I had seen two pretty women laugh-they laughed at a green Kentuckian, and I had learned the meaning of 'Pay Here,' and exactly what 'exact change ' means."

LAMP-POST LETTER-BOXES .- Officer Jourdan of the Sixth Precinct yesterday arrested a little street-sweeper, named Jane Ann McGuire, who was detected in the act of taking letters out of the lamp-post letter-box at the corner of White street and Broadway. The box was nearly full at the time, and the child having a very small hand, was able to pick out several. She was locked up in the Sixth Ward Station-House for the night, and will be taken before Justice Connolly for examination this morning.

THE BURTON WILL CASE.-The Surrogate yestorday issued a new citation to the widow and son of Wm. E. Burton, deceased, in England, returnable April 13.

THE NEW RESIDENT PHYSICIAN.-Dr. Louis A. Sayres, the newly-appointed Resident Physician, taking the place of Dr. William Rockwell, was sworn into office yesterday, and immediately took charge of the duties of his office.

THE SCAVENGERS .- About two hundred men have been discharged by the City Inspector since the contract for street cleaning has been given to Mr. Smith. Some of these have been reengaged by Mr. Smith. A great many of them were about the office of the City Inspector during yesterday, in a state of considerable excitement. Mr. Smith has begun to remove the ashes, and is making preparatory arrangements for street renovation in general.

MISSIONARIES SAILED .- The Rev. Solomon Carpenter, D. D., who returned from Shanghae about a year since, with his wife and a Chinese teacher, after a res idence there of about twelve years, sailed in the N. B. Palmer on the 24th inst. for the scene of his former labors. Dr. Carpenter was a graduate of Brown University, Providence, R. I., and is connected with the Seventh-Day Baptist denomination.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL .- William Curtis Noyes, esq., will deliver the second lecture of a series before the law students, at No. 37 Lafayette-place, this evening, at 71 o'clock. Subject, "Criminal Jurisprudence in America before the Revolution." These lectures are open to the public.

AUCTION SALES OF THE STEAMSHIPS ILLINOIS AND Moses Taylor.-These ships were sold on the 20th inst. at the Merchants' Exchange, but the purchaser having failed to comply with the terms of sale, they were resold yesterday at 1 o'clock by Messrs. Butler, Schultz & Mathews, auctioneers, realizing as follows:

At the previous sale the Illinois brought \$106,000, and the Moses Taylor \$102,000. There were a number of spectators present, but only one bid was received (that of Commodore Vanderbilt). The aucfoncer, Mr. Mathews, having announced that the terms of sale were cash, the money to be paid before

stepped into the Exchange Compacy's office and handed the auctioneer a good check for the amount, \$10,000, and received a bill and receipt for the steamer.

A letter was received from Mr. Cheever, the former and non-paying purchaser, as follows:

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that the steamships Himzle and Moons Taylor were sold to me at this piece by Mr. Poberts; that I have offered and been ready to pay the whole ament of my bids upon receiving a proper conveyance of a cood it let to said ships and an still ready to pay the amount of my bid as not take such vonveyances.

I claim to be the owner of said saips by vitue of such purchase if the relier had a right to make the sain. I shall insist upon my right as a purchaser.

BURDING AN INTERNATIONAL TRANSITION TO BENJ. H. CHEEVER.

BURNING AN ILLEGITIMATE CHILD .- On Sunday morning, Grace Heenan, an Irish servant girl, in the employ of the Rev. John Cotton Smith, of No. 61 Tenth street, gave birth to an illegitimate male child Being overwhelmed with sname, she resolved upon destraying the evidence of her misfortune. She accordingly proceeded to the cellar and deliberately threw the child into the furnace, where there was a large fire for heating the house. Some time later the inmates o the house were greatly annoyed by the bad odor proceeding from the furnace, and on searching for the cause, found the half-consumed remains. Capt. Dilk of the Fifteenth Ward was called in, and he at once arrested the servant girl. After a series of evasive answers to questions propounded, she finally admitted the birth of the child, but insisted that it was still-born. She further confersed to having placed the child in the furnace, and said that its father was a resident of Long Island.

Coroner Schirmer yesterday held an inquest on the

body of the deceased infant, at the Fifteenth Presinct

Station-House. Margaret Miller, a fellow servant, who had been in the habit of sleeping with Grace, testified that about 4 o'clock on Sanday morning Grace got out of bed, complaining of a severe pain in her side, and that after going down stairs she returned to bed. Subsequently, Grace got up and went up stairs, where she remained nearly all day. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon, Margaret heard Grace in the cellar, making a great noise about the furnace. On going down, she found her standing by the furnace, and asked her what she was doing. Grace replied, "Nothing." But Margaret, who had long suspected Grace's condition, thought all was not right, and opening the furnace door, discovered the crime, and pulled out the body of the child. The house was at once alarmed, and Police Surgeon Jones of the Fifteenth Precinct was called in. On questioning Grace, she admitted to the surgeon that she was delivered of a dead child, and that after keeping it nearly all day she resolved to burn it, thinking that to be the easiest means of getting rid of the evidence of her guilt. Dr. George B. Bouton made a post-mortem examination of the body, and ascertained, by medical tests applied to the lungs, that the child had never breathed. This opinion was corroborsted by other medical gentlemen, and the Ju-y thereupon rendered a verdict to the effect that the child was still-born. No complaint whatever has been made against the mother, and at most she could only be held for a misdemeanor in endeavoring to conceal a dead body. She states that white living with a farmer on Long Island last Summer, she was violated by one of the farm hands, but that subsequently she had frequent intercourse with him. The unfortunate mother is a poor ignorant Irish girl, who seems to have little idea of right or wrong. On finding herself about to become a mother, she strove to hide her condition; and when the dead child was so secretly delivered, her only thought was to put it out

DEAD IN THE STREET.-Coroner Schirmer was called yesterday afternoon to hold an inquest at the First Ward Station-House on the body of William Barke, who was found lying dead in an area at the corner of Whitehall and Pearl streets, at an early hour on Mon day morning. It was ascertained that deceased had but recently arrived from Dublin, and that he had been boarding at house No. 36 Green wich street. The decensed was well dressed, and had on his person a gold watch, \$11 in cash, and several valuable articles. He was found in the area of a new building now in course of erection, and it is supposed that he must have fallen in there when intoxicated. His face and body were very much bruised from having fallen against the stones and rabbish, and when discovered he was lying on his face and quite cold. From papers found in his possession it appears that he was formerly an extensive iquor dealer in Dublin, and had evidently been very well off. One letter signed Agnes Burke, received by him before leaving home, earnestly begs of him to give up drinking and gambling, and entreats him to lead a better life in America than he had at home. The deceased was about 35 years of age, and possessed of a fair exterior. The inquest was not concluded at a late

THE CROTON COMMISSIONERS AGAINST THE LEGIS-ATURE .- A bill for the navment of \$11,592 45, being the amount due for furnishing Croton to the State Prison at Sing Sing for the past four years, was transmitted to the Legislature by the Croton Commissioners about a month ago, together with an act providing for such payment and regulating the rate for a future supply. The prospect of receiving what is due the cityat a very low rate of charge, tho-spears to be rather slim, as will be comprehended by reading the following communication which was transmitted to the Common

Conneil last evening:

Choton Department, Rotunda, Park, New York, Feb. 26, 1950.

To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of New-York:
Learning that a bill has been presented in the Assembly of the State Legislature, providing for the appointment of Commissioners to take the Croton water of a supplying the State Prison at Sing Sing, and believing the same to be an infringement on the rights of the city, the undersigned would respectfully expressed that they have forwarded the inclosed petition to the Honorable the Legislature, asking for the parment of the sum due, and fixing the rate of a future supply. They have further effected that it the fee of the land, 66 feet wide of the Prison Farm, through which the Aqueduct passes, be given to the City of New-York, and the bill new due of \$11,502 45-110 he paid, they will supply the Prison with 175,000 gallons per day for ten years on the annual payment of \$1,500, which is equivalent to giving \$2,000 a year for ten years for about two acres of land. If the State Legislature appoint Commissioners to take away water for manufacturing purposes (the springs in the vicinity will furnish all water necessary for Prison purposes), this Department will necessarily lose all control, and may at any time heleft with a scant supply for our own citizens. The work proposed to be done durint the present year will test the capacity of the new aqueduct, and we skall afterward be better prepared to say how much can be spared for other than city purposes. But no arrangement for supplying water on the part of the oils should exceed a term of ten years.

We would therefore respectfully ask you to remonstrate against the adoption of any law app inting Commissioners to take water from the Croton Aqueduct without the coassest of the Department having charge thereof.

Respectfully.

THOS R. TAPPAN, Aqueduct Board. Conneil last evening:

A TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY OF DANIEL FANSHAW

-At the meeting of the New-York Typographical Society, held on Saturday evening, Mr. Charles McDevitt announced the death of Mr. Fanshaw, one of the founders of the Society, and pronounced an eloquent eulogium to his memory. In the course of his remarks he

giam to his memory. In the course of his remarks as said:

"Mr. Fanshaw was no ordinary man. He possessed those sterling attributes of character which characterize the good man—patience, perseverance, industry, and integrity. His death is a loss, not only to this Society, but to the profession at large.

Mr. Fanshaw was born in this city, of humble but respectable parents, and entered the printing office, at respectable parents, and entered the printing office, at an early age. In time he became an excellent printer—so much so, indeed, as to attract the notice of Mr. George Brace, the type founder, who induced Mr. Fanshaw to begin business for himself, although he had not a dollar of capital. Mr. Bruce furnished him with an office, on a year's credit. On the expiration of the time, Mr. Fanshaw went to Mr. Bruce and told him that he would be obliged to return him the materials, as he made out poorly, and concluded to go back to journeywork. Mr. Bruce prevailed on him to continue his efforts, and told him that he might have his own time to pay for them. He persovered, was prosperous, and in time not only paid for his office, but became the wealthiest printer in this city. I may as well state that so great was his respect for Mr. Bruce

short time. Bacon is frue; the demand is fair; sales of 100 boxes. We stery bloght-ribbee on private terms, and so boxes do. Charles before 3 of 100 boxes do. Charles before 3

"Like one who draws the drapery of his couch about him,
Lies down to pleasant dreams."

The following resolutions were then unanimously

The following resolutions were then unanimously adopted:

Bheress, It has pleased the almighty Rules of events, in His wise provisiones, to remove from the some of his labors in the life, Handley, one of the founders and early members of the Naw-York Typographical Society; therefore.

Excelved That the members of this Society have heard of this melanche y event with deep sorrow and mourn the last of one wices life and character as aman, and as printer, ware extensions with the held in remembers and in time to come.

Resolved, That we sincerely sympathics with the relatives and friends of the deceased in their be exactement and the typographical profession in the loss of an ardent and devoted friend.

Resolved, That, as mark of respect to the memory of our deprined brother, the rooms of the nociety be draped in mou sing feaths letter of thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the landly of the deceased with an expression of sincors one deleance of the members of the New-York Typographical Society.

FAST DRIVING ON CENTRAL PARK. - Michael Repnolds and P. Leonard were arrested by the Park-Kespers on Sunday for driving at a faster rate than seven miles an hour. They were confined at the Twenty third Ward Station-House over night, and yesterday, being brought before Justice Brownell, were fined \$2 each.

Accidents and Inquests.—Coroner Schirmer year
terday held an inquest at No. 362 East. Twelfith street upon the
body of Ann Muller, egged four years, who dued on San lay from
the effect of burns accidentally received on the 17th inst. It
appears that during the absence of ber mot er from the reem
the little girl amused herself by playing near the grate. Her
clothes coming in contact with the fire, the wai son in a
bisze, and was so seriously burned as to result in death... The
same Coroner held an inquest at No. 209 Sullivan street on the
burned on Saturday liant. Deceased was playing at the store
with a piece of paper, when he accidentally see his clother on
body of Jos. Odell, aged 2 years and 6 months, who was fainly
fire. His mother numediately the wait in nito a tar of water,
but before the flam-swere extinguished, the child was burned
so arrionally as to result in death... James Breess, a child is
months one, whose parents reside at No. 16e East Cwenty-sinth
street, was intally scaleded on Saturday afternoon. The child
was playing so the floor, when a portion of the store-pipe feld
down, appetting over the child a keatle of boiling water, and
scalding it in such a ranner as to result in death. Coroner dearmer held -n inquest on the body yesterday, the Jury returning a
verdict of "Accidental Death."

SALES OF REAL ESTATE .- Adrian H. Muller sold et 

The following sales were also made yesterday at the chant? Exchange, by Meens, A. J. Bieccker, Son & Co.; One parcel (2 lots) Nos-5° and 59 Parket (late Grosset), SSx,123,3 east from Peurlett, size 39.10, and 6x,32.9 and 67.5.

and 87 5. \$16,00 One lot on N. W. cor. 5th-sv and 113th-st 25.3x190...., 1,700 DISHONEST SERVANT .-- On Sunday evening Alphones

Pishonest Servant.—On Sinday evening Alphoe Mergies, a Frenchman was arrested by Officer Harold of the Twentieth Precinct, charged with having stolen a gold watch waited at \$160, the property of Symms Gardiner of No. 12 West Thirty-seventh street. The accused was formerly a vent in the employ of Mr. Gurdiner, and on Sunday came to the house to are some of the other servants, and finally wend on pairs with one of Mr. Gardiner's enthere. Here he seems to have induit, ed his curtously to the extent of looking at the viables, and finding the wach lying on a table, appropriated the same. He was taken before Justice Kelly, who committed him Accused of Perjuny .- Yesterday afternoon, Offi-

Accuse of Perjust.— Isoterday alternoon, Officer Barran of the Lower Police Court arrested a man numed amos Hoagland, a provision dealer, of Newark, N. J., who is charged with having committed perjusy. The complianant is Br. George Cone, of Scranton, Permylvania, and he alleges that on the Ziet of July last the accused deliberately aware to a take attenent before Justice Stewart, in the First Judicial District Court. The officer has not the warrant for the arrest of Heagland for some months, but has been unable to find him heretefore. In default of \$1,000 bail, Justice Connolly committed the accused for trial.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—On Saturday night, a man name C. Williams was knocked senseless to the ground, by a blow on the head, deat from benind. We is lying insensible, his pockets were rifled of \$5 in cash, and various stiler articles, after which the robber effected his eccape. On Sunday night succeeded in arresting a German, named Charles Gebra, and was being his assistant. The accused was taken before Justice Brennan, who held him for examination. ARREST OF GAMBLERS .- On Sunday night Officers

Clow and Hull of the Twentieth Procinct arrested several gam-blers who were playing cards at the calcon of George Brooks, is Seventh avenue, near Thirty seventh street. The prisoners were taken to the ctation-House, together with nearly \$190 is cash, for which they were gambling. Easy were taken before fastion Quarkentura on Monday morring, and were half for examina-tion. Brooks's place has been frequently complained of by the

[Advertisement ]
Strangers in the city can obtain PHRENOLOGICAL Examinations, with Chants and full written Descuiptions of Chantauths, setting forth the faults falents, and the occupation is which one can best succeed, daily, at No. 282 Broadway.

JAdvertisement | PROFENSIONAL.

JOSHUA F. BRIDGE, M. D., offers his professional services at his rooms, in the Gracienheig institution, No. 32 Fark-rest, New York. Irregularities and Discases of Women, of mery description, Craumption, chronic and matignant diseases (both local and constitutional), are skillfully and successfully treated. Office hours, 9 to 1, and 3 to 4. [Advertis smeat.]

YOUNG MEN WISHING TO ENGAGE IN BUSINESS, and actions to select a pursuit in which they can best succeed, will find a Phrenological Examination at "OWLER & WELLS".

No. 306 Broadway, to be just what they need to enable them to make a wise choice.

FREELY GIVEN TO THE POOR. The poor and needy suffering from and Colde, Coughs other Lung Complaints, will receive a bottle of Mrs. Gardan unrivaled Indian Mariousa, statistically, by application Warles & Pottan's, No. 124 Washington et, Boston.

LONDON CLUB SAUCE.—This unrivaled Sauce, manufactured by Parkins Bros., London, can be estained if their arent in this city, A. J. Parkins, No. 15 Beeckmans. This article is superior to the Wercesterskire Sauce, and can be obtained at one-half the price. THE "RIGGS TRUSS,"—The medical profess

and others are invited to examine this instrument, together will other new appliances for varicocela, Plus, Prolapsus Ani, and enlarged volus of the legs, Supporters, &c. 448 Broomest, A. Y.

[Advertisement.]

GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, for instantly beautifying the complexion, dissipating freekles, &c., Ne of Walkerst Beware of a vile imitation under the name of "Neow Wotte Oriental Creem," by the counterfeiter of Benett's Cocoaine.

Millions of Bottles of Mrs. Winslow's Sooms me Strur are now used every year in the United States for Children Teething, with never-tailing success. Relief is house-diate and certain. Only 25 cents a bettle.

FIRES.

At 2½ o'clock on Monday morning, after broke out in the ladies' furnishing store of Lucretia Pistiant, No. 336 Canal street and thence extended to a similar state, No. 334, adjoining, kept by Jas. Laycock. The firence were soon on the ground, but before they could subdue the flames, the stock of Mrs. Pistiant was taminged by fire and water to the amount of \$1,500. Insured tor \$2,000 in the North American Insurance Com, tany.

sured for \$2,000 in the North American Insurance Copany.

The clock of Mr. Laycock was damaged, principally
by water to the amount of \$500; insured for \$300 in
the Excelsior Insurance Company. The bailding No.
336, owned by Mr. Colt, was considerably damaged.
The stock of Wm. Goodall, paper-pattern maker, No.
338, was slightly damaged; insured for \$1,000 in the
Pacific Insurance Company. The origin of the fire is
unknown. The occupants of the upper parts of the
houses barely escaped with their lives, and indeed
several would have been suffocated but for the exertions of the Police and firemen. Officers Gale and
Lynch rescaed a lady from the rear third story of No.
336.

THE CASE OF A. D. STEVENS. To the Editor of The N. V. Tribune.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

Six: A newspaper paragraph has it that I am to address the Legi-lative Committee at Richmond, in the case of Sievene, on the invitation of Gov. Letcher. It goes on to state that the prosecuting officers and the Judge favor his pardon. As any misconception may be unfortunate, I hope you will kindly permit me to correct the statement.

The prosecuting officers, I regret to say, gave me no reason to believe that they would favor us in any way. The kindness of the Governor and the Judge I shall always recall with gratistide; but I could not misquederstand it. It was undoubtedly from pure goodness of heart that aged and emisent dignitaries condescended to encourage a young man, a stranger and in a critof heart that aged and eminent dignitaries condescended to encourage a young man, a stranger and in a critical position. Civilities accorded in that way should not be interpreted in another way. They certainly could not authorize me to infer anything but what was expressed, and in that there was no intimation as to the pardon of Stevens. Whatever hope remains to that unfortunate young man is to be found only in the mercy and magnanimity of the Legislature of Virginia. It is here, at any rate, that we shall look with keen anxiety and many misglyings.

ginia. It is here, at any rate, that we shall look was keen anxiety and many misgivings. Botton, Fob. 22, 1995.

GEO. SENNOTT.